Ordinary Differential Equations Exercise Sheet 2

Exercise 1. Let $g : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ be a Lipschitz function and let $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ be a continuous function. Show that the solution of the IVP:

$$\begin{cases} \mathbf{y}' = \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{y}), & \mathbf{y}(\mathbf{t}_0) = \mathbf{y}_0 \\ \mathbf{z}' = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{y})\mathbf{z}, & \mathbf{z}(\mathbf{t}_0) = \mathbf{z}_0 \end{cases}$$

is global in \mathbb{R} .

[Hint: Use exercise 7 of exercise sheet 1.]

Exercise 2. Convert the following equations/system to first order systems:

(i) $y''' + (y'')^2 + e^t yy' - 2(\sin t)y^4 = 0$ (ii) $y^{(4)} = y^2(y')^2 + y'''y'' - e^{2t}y^{(4)}$ (iii)

$$\begin{cases} y^{(4)} + (z'')^2 y^3 - t^{10} y'' z + z^3 (y')^4 = 0 \\ z''' = (y''')^2 - e^{2t} (z')^2 + y'' z^5 \end{cases}$$

Exercise 3. Compute the Wronskian of

(i) y^{a}, y^{b}, y^{c} , where y > 0 and $a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}$.

(ii) $y^{m} \sin \log y^{n}$, $y^{m} \cos \log y^{n}$, where y > 0 and $m, n \in \mathbb{N}$.

Are the functions in each case linearly independent?

Exercise 4. Find the general solution to the equations:

(i) $y^{(4)} - 5y'' + 4y = e^{t} - te^{2t}$ (ii) $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 14 \sin 2t - 18 \cos 2t$

Exercise 5. Solve the IVPs:

(i)
$$y''' = y$$
, $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = y''(0) = 0$

(ii)
$$y''' + y'' = t + e^{-t}$$
, $y(0) = y''(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = 0$

Exercise 6. Compute the exponential matrices e^{At} , e^{Bt} for

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \qquad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $\mathit{Does}\ e^{\mathsf{A}t}e^{\mathsf{B}t} = e^{\mathsf{B}t}e^{\mathsf{A}t}\ \mathit{hold?}$

Exercise 7. Find the general solution of the system $\vec{y}' = A\vec{y}$, where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -5 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

and compute the Wronskian of a basis of solutions.

Exercise 8. Write the system

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} y_1' = y_1 - 2y_3 \\ y_2' = y_2 \\ y_3' = y_1 - y_2 - y_3 \end{array} \right.$$

in matrix form and compute its general solution. Exercise 9. Solve the IVP:

$$\vec{\mathrm{y}}' = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \vec{\mathrm{y}}, \qquad \vec{\mathrm{y}}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}.$$